BELIEF IN SECOND NATURAL GAS RESERVOIR IS SHATTERED.

Well-Known Marion Manufacturer Attempts to Kill His Wife and

Son-Other State News.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION, Ind., July 16 .- J. C. Leach, stat gas inspector, of Kokomo, was in the city yesterday and had examined the mysterious gas well recently drilled in near Redkey by the Ohio and Indiana Pipe-line Company, which is thought to be a gusher. For some reason the company had plugged it up, and reports have been circulated during the past few days that representatives of the company are busily engaged in securing leases. Mr. Leach says: "I investigated the well thoroughly, and also the actions of the company, and found that the reports are absolutely false. The well is located in the southwest corner of Jay county, about a mile and a half west of Redkey. The drilling of the well was begun in the autumn of 1898, and the object of the company in drilling it was to test the lower stratum of the Trenton limestone, and, if possible, the underlying formation. The record kept by the drillers shows that at 2600 feet the drill passed through the Trenton limestone and entered the shale formation. It was found that the limestone was 1,600 feet thick. Of course, this record may be a little wrong. The well is thirteen inches in diameter to the first rock, ten inches to the Trenton rock and eight inches from that on down. At the usual depth in the Trenton rock a small flow of gas was found, and about 800 feet below a small quantity of oil was indicated. At no other point was either product found. At about 300 feet in the Trenton rock a large amount of salt water was found. It was impossible to carry this off, and for this reason the iron was drawn from the well and the hole was plugged. Mr. Leach was asked in regard to the

numerous reports to the effect that the tending and enlarging its mains in this field. He replied: "That is true, but it is no more than all other gas companies are doing or will be soon compelled to do if they have foresight, for the reason that as the field pressure decreases the gas moves more slowly through the mains. To get the needed volume of gas at the point of consump tion or at the pumps it is necessary that the capacity, of the mains be increased There is no truth whatever in the report that the company is striving to secure leases in the Redkey neighborhood, for it has practically abandoned the field."

## J. B. CROSBY'S RASH DEED.

Well-Known Marion Man Attempts to Kill Wife and Son.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION. Ind., July 16 .- J. B. Crosby pincipal owner of the Marion strawboard works and the Crosby paper mill, created a sensation at noon to-day by going to the home of his wife, from whom he has been separated since last January, and attempting to murder her and his twenty-year-old son, Trust was organized a few years ago Crosby was the sole proprietor of the industries and refused to sell. For fear of being crushed by it he organized a stock company to operate the plant. His wife was given an interest in the company and made one of its directors. Since the separation she has positively refused to transfer the stock back to him. To-day he called at the e and she again refused, whereupon he the father attempted to shoot him, but the gun again refused to work. The boy then ed a revolver and ran his father out of the house. The son was caught by a neighbor and Crosby was arrested by the lice. Crosby pleaded guilty in the mayor's ourt and was heavily fined. He was then placed under a \$1,000 peace bond. Mrs. Crosby refused to permit him being set at until to-morrow, to which the court consented, and to-morrow she will institute one time treasurer of this county, and insanity proceedings against him. Both served as trustee of Union township two attracting considerable attention. No one of this city. He left this place a year ago had ever suspected Crosby of being insane. on account of ill health.

#### Late Arrivals at Winona. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WINONA LAKE, Ind., July 16 .- Among the late arrivals at the hotels are the fol-

C. E. Walton, Fort Wayne. Minnewawan Inn-J. E. Buchanan and wife, Albion; Alta M. Brown, Fort Wayne; Anna Sleeper, Lillian Brown, Mabel Ken-yon, Blanche Bond, Jessie Yost, Isabel Kenon, Fowler; D. F. Green, Fort Wayne; George H. Taylor, jr., Cincinnati, O.; Inez R. Johnson, Mrs. Ada Long and daughter, Effic Richey, J. O. Connell, Vera Johnson, Fort Wayne; B. Parker, Niles, Mich.; Mrs. H. E. Cole, Baraboo, Mich.; Mrs. Mary E. Hume, Plymouth; Grace E. Nash, New Bal-timore, O.; Will C. Hall, Indianapolis.

Portland Street Fair This Week. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PORTLAND, Ind., July 16.-Gamblers, "sure-thing" men and the like are making life a misery for the management of the second annual street fair, which begins on Tuesday morning, with their efforts to secure privileges to run gaming devices durng the two days of the fair. One individual made a spot cash offer of \$500 to be given a permit to run an "old hieronimus," and others signified a perfect willingness to pay liberally. The management says any attempt to run a game of chance will result

## FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

The Weather Will Continue Fair, with Light Wind.

WASHINGTON, July 16.-Forecast for Monday and Tuesday: For Ohio-Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; light to fresh westerly winds. For Indiana and Illinois-Fair Monday

and Tuesday; northwesterly winds.

Sunday's Local Observations. Bar. Ther. R.H. Wind. Weather. Prec. 7 a.m. 29.94 73 71 S'west Pt. cldy. 0.14 7 p.m. 29.94 77 69 N'west Cloudy. T.

thermometer, 84; minimum Maximum thermometer, 70 The following is a comparative statement of temperature and precipitation for July 16: formal ..... Mean .....

Departure from normal ...... Departure since July 1...... -25 Departure since Jan. 1..... -266 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS. Local Forecast Official.

Yesterday's Temperatures. Min. Max. 7 p.m. Stations. tlanta. Ga .............. marck, N. D ....... Cincinnati \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Kan ..... 66 Davenport, Ia ...... 68 Des Moines, Ia..... 66 Jacksonville, Fla ...... Kansas City, Mo ...... 68 Attle Rock, Ark ...... 72 rquette, Mich ...... 78 ashville, Tenn ...... 78 New Orleans, La ....... New York, N. Y ....... North Platte, Neb...... 62 Oklahoma, O. T....... 70 Omaha, Neb ..... 

Louis, Mo ..... 72

Paul, Minn .....

IT WAS ONLY A DREAM in arrest and punishment. The town rapidly filling up for the fair.

Stand by Bottle Blowers' Strike. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 16 .- Strong resolutions in support of the striking glass blowers at Bridgeton, N. J., which were adopted at yesterday's session of the Bottle Blowers' Association of America, now in session in this city, were given to the public to-day by the officer of the convention. The resolutions declare that the strike is justified and was provoked by the manufacturers, who brought it on with the intention of gaining public sentiment. The constrikers are contending and pledged themselves to support the strikers and their cause to the end.

## Windfall Factory Resumes Work.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WINDFALL, Ind., July 16 .- The Windfall glass works, recently closed down by reason of the gas company shutting off the gas, as reported in the Journal, has secured gas to operate the factory and is now running with full force. The thirteen blowers that left here and went to Bridgeport, N. J., to fill the places of union striking blowers at that place, returned yesterday with evidence of rough treatment they received upon their arrival at Bridgeport. The union blowers at the latter place paid for their transportation back and they were glad to get home.

### "Writing Up" Delinquent Subscribers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PORTLAND, Ind., July 16.-The Geneva Herald editor, C. O. Rayn, has hit upon a new way of getting even with subscribers who have failed to pay their back dues, but how well it will work remains to be seen. In the center of the first page of the Herald he has reserved a space which is to be devoted to notices of such as have not settled with him. The first to be "written was A. O. Roll, a barber of this city who received a terrible scorching at the hands of the Herald man. The public in general does not seem to approve of the

#### An Old Fraud Game.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., July 16.-Police are searching for a man who gave his name as J. C. Drayton and represented himself as connected with the Studebaker wagon works. At the Wayne Hotel he became acquainted with H. A. Kohr, of the Union American Cigar Company and learned that the latter carried a letter of credit. After Kohr left town Drayton telegraphed the Pittsburg house over Kohr's signature asking for \$100 claiming that he lost his cash Ohio and Indiana Pipe-line Company is ex- and credit book. Drayton received the money and left town immediately.

Young Murderer Also Dead. MASON CITY, Ill., July 16 .- Roy Sutton, the young man who murdered Leona Elmore near the cemetery at Mason City Friday night and then shot himself, died today. Sutton steadfastly refused to make any statement concerning the murder of his sweetheart, except to say that he had agreed with the girl that they should die together. During the night people congregated on the streets and lynching was freely talked among the men. When the news of the young man's death came the crowd

#### A Yearly Meeting Building.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PENDLETON, Ind., July 16.-The Society of Hicksite Friends of this city and vicinity is making extensive arrangements for the holding of the first Yearly Meeting to be held here since the local society was estab-lished, which will take place next month. The Yearly Meetings of the Friends have heretofore been held at Richmond and Waynesville, O., alternately, but beginning

with the meeting here this summer Pendle-

Tin-Plate Works Start To-Day. PITTSBURG, July 16 .- The plate workers throughout the country to the number of nearly 50,000 resume work to-morrow after an idlness of two weeks. The scale fixed on at Chicago is based on the price of bars. 'The minimum advance over last year's scale is placed at 15 per cent., which will prevail until June 30, 1900. In addition to the 15 per cent. advance, the men will receive a further pulled a revolver and snapped the trigger, advance of 2 per cent., because of the reout it missed fire. The son interfered and | cent advance of 50 cents a hundred pounds on the price of tin plate.

## Ex-Treasurer's Body Arrives.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., July 16 .- The body of Albert Louden arrived to-day from Paragould, Ark., where his death occurred Friunless a guard was placed over him | day last. He was a pioneer of this county, being eighty-three years old, and was at parties are prominent here and the case is terms. He is the father of William Louden,

## Accidents at Brazil.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Ind., July 16 .- George Whitney attempted to board a freight train on the Vandalia last night to ride home to New-Winona Hotel—Charles R. Lane, Fort Wayne; Dixon Edgerton, Indianapolis; J. W. Baker and family, Columbia City; J. B. McKim, E. G. Ericson, Fred J. Zollars, discharged a revolver this morning and the discharged a revolver this morning and the builet entered his knee, making a serious

> Mrs. Rogers Killed by Lightning. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PENDLETON, Ind., July 16.-Lightning struck the house of Mrs. Lucy Rogers, east of this city, yesterday and instantly killed Mrs. Rogers while sitting near a window, She was alone in the house at the time and her death was not known until her son, William Rogers, returned from town. She was still seated in the chair.

## Septuagenarian Suicide.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., July 16 .- E. T. Prince, aged seventy, sprang from a railroad bridge into the Okaw river to-day, his neck being broken by the fall. Prince was in ill health and had recently talked of ending his life. He was formerly in bus-

## George W. Temple Dead.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ENGLISH, Ind., July 16.-George W. Temple, a prominent business man of this place, died this morning with consumption. He make cities; they do not belowas a Mason and will be interred Monday the pace is too swift for them.' afternoon.

Brakeman Maul Killed. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RIDGEVILLE, Ind., July 16.-C. P. Maul aged twenty-six, residing at Gettysburg, O., a freight brakeman on the Panhandle, was killed here last evening while making a

## Indiana Notes.

coupling.

Mrs. Maud Gibbons, aged eighty-three, an old resident of Wabash, died suddenly Sunday morning of heart disease. Clifford Felts, of Fort Wayne, died of lockjaw yesterday morning, resulting from a Fourth of July injury to his hand. He was taken with lockjaw Saturday. The second annual street fair in Bluffton

will be held Sept. 12, 13 and 14. Great preparations are being put forth by the managers, Messrs. G. F. Markley, J. W. Tribolet end W. A. Gutelius. John M. Grieb fell under an engine in the Pennsylvania yards at Fort Wayne yester-

day and died in a short time of his injuries. He had been a switchman for twenty-five years, being the oldest switchman in the A contract was signed Saturday with John Gaffney, a capitalist of St. Louis, whereby he is to establish a vitrified brick plant at

Princeton, with a capacity of 75,000 daily. The citizens give Gaffney \$10,000 and a site. Gaffney owns plants in St. Louis and Keokuk, Ia. It is understood \$100,000 will be Bluffton not only claims the distinction of having more miles of asphalt streets than any city of its size in the world, but it also

claims the distinction of being one of the

smallest cities in the Unted States that

enjoys a "free mail delivery." The system

was inaugurated Saturday with three carriers. Bluffton has a population of 5,500. Two Men and a Girl Drowned. CINCINNATI, July 18.-Frank Ray, with his sweetheart, Catherine Wimsey, and Clifford and James Shannon, started on an ex-

cursion up the Ohio river in a naphtha launch to-day. The launch had a small flat bottom, known as a "John boat," in tow. Frank Ray playfully jumped into this boat and all the others, against his protest, fol-

lowed. The boat filled and sank, and Ray

alone was rescued.

mining property for the American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Company. The property purchased is the famous Richland mine near Carterville, consisting of thirty acres of mineral and five plants. The price paid was \$150,000. This is one of many valuable properties recently acquired by the American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Company.

## DR. STEIN'S PLANS.

Will Go Into Winter Quarters on North Coast of Elismere Land.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 16 .- Dr. Robert Stein, of the United States Geodetic Survey, is at Sydney, C. B., arranging to sail next week for Ellsmere Land in company with Mr. Warman, naturalist and taxidermist, and Dr. Kahn, physician in charge of electrical and magnetical observations. The party expects to land at Cape Sabine, near the camp where Greely's expedition passed so disastrous a winter. From there they will make their way to the extreme known part of the northern coast of Ellsmere Land, which is believed to be an island, where they will build a hut and establish headquarters for the winter. While open water lasts they will explore the northern shore westward by boat in search of the supposed channel leading to the sea known to exist to the west of Elismere

Next spring they propose to continue the exploration of the northern and western shore on the ice and trace the coast down to Cape Eden, the extreme known southern port, thus completing present knowledge of the coast line. They will then return to Cape Sabine and hope to be picked up there by the steamer next summer. If for any reason they fail to connect with the steamer Dr. Stein proposes to cross the strait to Littleton island and make his way along the Greenland coast to the Esquimaux settlement which forms the scene of his last exploration. With the assistance of the natives the party will be able to find its way to Upernavik, which is annually visited by Sydney Johnston. whaling ships from the United States.

## MEDAL FOR HELEN GOULD.

Sixth Ohio Volunteers Remember Her Kindness During the War.

TOLEDO, O., July 16.-During the war with Spain Miss Helen Gould, of New York, furnished a number of cots for the soldiers in Cuba, part of which were received by the Sixth Ohio Regiment, of this city. The boys fully appreciated the generosity and patriotic gift of Miss Gould and they at once decided to show their regard for her. The corporals of each company commenced the raising of funds among the men, and with this money a magnificent medal will be bought and presented to Miss Gould. The design for the medal is a miniature canteen, on one side of which will be engraved: "Presented to Miss Helen Gould by the enlisted men of the Sixth Ohio" and "In recognition of the patriotism of an American woman.

On the other side of the medal will ap pear a miniature tent showing the cots in-

### SIX-DAY GHOST DANCE. Indians Also Indulging in the Smoke

and Corn Dances.

GUTHRIE, O. T., July 16.—The Indians of the Territory are largely engaged in dancing, in spite of the efforts of the government to prevent the practice. At Greyhorse who interfered. When the Strawboard | ton will have the meeting every third year. | the Big Hill band of Osages have been holding a smoke dance for a week in honor of their guests, the Pawhuska band, and during that time have presented them with nearly five thousand dollars' worth of presents, including many ponies and saddles, a thousand yards of red callco and fifty nickel watches.

On the Otoe and Missouri reservations the members of these two tribes are holding a six-day ghost dance, participated in by 2,000 Indians, including many Ottawas and Pawnees, who have come long distances to join in the dance. The greencorn dance of the Cheyennes and Arapahoe is in progress twenty miles west of Weath-erford, fully 3,000 Indians participating, and the weird ceremonies, led by the medicine

### men, are kept up day and night. RAILROAD CHIEFS MEET.

Secret Session of Heads of the Different Brotherhoods.

ALTOONA, Pa., July 16.-A convention of railway fraternities was held in Tyrone today. This morning the Brotherhood of Engineers, Brotherhood of Firemen, Order of Railway Conductors, Brotherhood of Trainmen and Order of Railway Telegraphers held separate secret sessions. In the afternoon a union meeting was held in the Academy of Music which the public at tended. Addresses were made by P. M. Arthur, grand chief engineer; E. E. Clark, grand chief conductor; P. H. Morrissey, grand master of trainmen, and by J. N. Weyler and W. V. Powell, of the Order of the firemen, was not present. At the conclusion of this meeting a union secret session of the fraternities was held. The conthan members in the work of their respective organizations.

## MEN WHO DO THINGS.

William Fortune's Speech Furnishes Material for a St. Louis Editorial. St. Louis Republic.

In an address before the Terre Haute regiment in a few days. ing a City" President Fortune, of the Indiana State Board of Commerce ventures certain critical comments which should receive the attention of that type of St. Louisan now engaged in discouraging the efforts of world's fair workers.

which contents and comforts itself within its useful to the world and is a better citizen than the man who makes no mistakes and does nothing. The do-nothing men do not make cities; they do not belong in cities-

Against this type of satisfied stagnation Mr. Fortune sets in contrast that opposite type, the public-spirited citizen who works for the good of his city. One such man, he says, "can accomplish wonders in overcoming unfortunate conditions in a city. All great movements start from an idea put forth originally by some person. The highest duty of the citizen is not merely the duty that the law requires from him, but the service that he voluntarily renders for the public welfare. Every man should endeavor to give some of his time to work of this kind. The noblest man I have ever known was the most useful citizen I have ever known-one who in all the years of his life gave generously his time, his thought and his money to projects for the betterment of his city and State." It would be better if world's fair croakers should incline their minds to profit by practical teaching like this and so develop from world's fair croakers into world's fair work

ers. It would be ever better for themselves than for the world's fair. The latter is sure to succeed, whether they help or not. When success does come it will be right humiliating for the "conservatives" to remember that all they did was to withdraw into their shells and predict failure when they should have been working for success.

## Proper Conduct.

Baltimore American. The Connecticut bride who broke off her wedding just before the party entered the church because the groom objected to her costume will be upheld by all self-respecting women. An attempt at supremacy and criticism so early in the day had to be nipped in the bud at all costs, and the bride is to be commended for her single-hearted devotion to the interests of her sex in thus putting down in its incipiency a rebellion which, once gaining headway, would have spread like wildfire among expectant

## Unworthy of Her Love.

Dertoit Journal. "To prove my love," he cried desperately, "let me tell you during how many weeks I have scarcely closed my eyes in sleep, during how many days I have eaten

Here, with an imperious gesture, she waved him to silence. "Statistics prove nothing." she said. Ah, but what a cold dictum! It was like an icicle plunged into his throbbing heart!

SERVED DURING CIVIJ. WAR ON JEF-FERSON DAVIS'S STAFF.

Became a Prominent Southern Educator and President of Tulane

University-Other Deaths.

LEXINGTON, Va., July 16.-Col. William Preston Johnston, president of Tulane University, New Orleans, died at the home of his son-in-law, Hon. Harry St. George Tucker, to-day. Colonel Johnston went to Virginia Hot Springs the latter part of June and about a week ago came here very ill, hopeful that this climate would restore his health. His condition became serious yesterday. He was cheerful up to the hour of his death, and his mind was perfectly clear. At his bedside were his wife and daughters, Mrs. Tucker, of Lexington, and Mrs. Richard Sharpe, of Wilkesbarre. He died in the same bed in which he was born, sixty-seven

William Preston Johnston was born at Louisville Jan. 5, 1831. His father was Gen. Albert Sydney Johnston, of the Confederate army, who was killed April 6, 1862, at the battle of Pittsburg Landing. The son was graduated at Yale in 1852. He became a colonel in the Confederate army at the be- as red as a lobster, while the pores of the ginning of the civil war, and served on Jefferson Davis's staff. After the war he was a professor in Washington and Lee University till November, 1880, when he became president of the Louisiana State University. On the foundation of Tulane University, at New Orleans, in 1884, he became its president. Besides fugitive pieces and addresses, he published, in 1878, a "Life of Gen. Albert days before death mercifully puts an end to

#### Maj. Francis D. Clark.

NEW YORK, July 16.-Major Francis D. Clark, a California pioneer, is dead at East Orange, aged sixty-nine years. When a young man he enlisted in the famous Stevenson regiment, which was sent by the government to California soon after the acquisition of that territory. He volunteered in the Mexican war and served with credit, and in the civil war he served in the quartermaster's department, with the rank of major, serving throughout the war. He was president of the Mexican War Veterans of New Jersey and of the Stevenson Regiment Survivors' Association, and treasurer of the New York Society of Cal ifornia Pioneers.

Banker Titus Sudduth. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 16.-Titus Sudduth, president of the Farmers' National Bank of this city, and one of the largest land owners and stock owners in Illinois, died to-day near Sherman, aged seventy years. He was born near Mount Sterling, Ky., and came to this city with his parents in 1834. At the time of his death he was the owner of 15,000 acres of valuable farm stead of the usual bare floor tent. The boys started the fund in Cuba, but the officers did not hear of it until to-day.

In the counties of Sangamon, Logan, McLean and De Witt. For the past several years he has made his home in Normal, near Bloomington.

Grand Exalted Leader C. M. Foote. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 16.-C. M. Foote, grand exalted leading knight of the Grand Lodge Order of Elks, died in this city to-day from heart failure, superinduced by a complication of diseases. Mr. Foote was one of the leading citizens of Minneapolis, and a few years ago was a prominent candidate for postmaster. He was fifty years old. Mr. Foote was one of those injured in the collapse of the Collseum at Atlantic City, N. J., in 1895.

Col. C. H. Brown, WASHINGTON, July 16 .- Colonel Charles H. Brown, assistant chief of the division of loans and currency of the Treasury Department, is dead at Hittsfield, Mass.

COL. GARDINER'S ORDERS.

Work to Be Pushed Recruiting the Thirtieth Volunteers.

CHICAGO, July 16 .- Colonel Gardiner, commander of the Thirtieth Volunteer Infantry, mobilizing at Fort Sheridan, to-day obtained from the adjutant general at Washington permission to send three officers each into Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin to recruit the regiment as quickly as possible. He assigned Lieutenant Colonel Campbell, Lieut. Charles U. Bear and Capt. James J. Irwin, assistant surgeon, to the Illinois recruiting detail. To the recruiting detail for Michigan he assigned Capt. Frank H. Burton, Lieut. Frank D. Buckingham and Lieut. Albert H. Ebers, assistant surgeon. The Wisconsin recruiting detail was not made because of the lack of Wisconsin officers. Several are expected to reach the post to-morrow, and three will be at once named for recruiting service in the Badger

Deserted to See His Dying Mother. ALBANY, Ore., July 16 .- Frank M. Gir-Telegraphers. Grand Master Sargent, of | ard, a member of Company I, Oregon Volunteers, has arrived from San Francisco in violation or orders. On reaching San vention had no special significance to other | Francisco harbor, while still on ship board, he received a telegram that his mother, who resides near Monmouth, was dying and asked him to come at once. He applied to the officer for a furlough, offering the telegram as a reason, but it was refused. By the aid of sympathetic comrades, he was let down by a rope into a small boat and went ashore, taking the train at once for home. He says that he will return to his | practically overshadowed by the army and

Gen. Wheeler at San Francisco. SAN FRANCISCO, July 16 .- Gen. Joe Wheeler spent a quiet Sunday with his daughter, Miss Annie Wheeler. He was of ending his life. He was formerly in business in Shelbyville, being connected with one of the banks and afterwards engaged in general merchandising.

"Scratch the back of a boasted conservative citizen," says Mr. Fortune, "and you are apt to find something like moss." Then, after picturing the "snail-like conservation in the same approach to busy most of the day attending to his exold soldier, among whom were General Babshell," he truthfully asserts: "The man | cock and Captain Green. In the afternoon who does things and makes mistakes is more | Congressman Devries also made a call. The general will leave for the Philippines on the

transport Tartar about the end of the week. Sailors from the Iowa Protest.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 16 .- Twelve discharged sailors of the battleship Iowa, who have started for Brooklyn, N. Y., say they will lay before Secretary Long a complaint regarding rations issued aboard the Iowa, They claim it is inferior to the one intended by the Navy Department to be issued. It is stated that the men have deserted on account of the rations.

Movements of the Squadron. PORTLAND, Me., July 16 .- The North Atlantic squadron sailed shortly before 3

o'clock. BOOTH BAY, Me., July 16.-The North Atlantic squadron steamed into the harbor just before dark to-night, dropping anchor. The squadron, it is expected, will remain

here a day or so.

### LOCKJAW BAFFLES SKILL. Boys Die in Agony in Spite of the Serum Treatment.

New York Tribune. The extraordinary number of cases of lockjaw caused by injuries received in celebrating the Fourth this year attracts atten- from the first. This element is well repretion in every part of the country. Every day adds to the number of deaths and of of terrible agony. Dr. Gerardus H. Wynkoop, in speaking of the disease yesterday,

"Heretofore there have been but few cases of tetanus in this city or neighborhood, but the south shore of Long Island has been peculiarly afflicted by it, especially about Great South bay, where there have is a plain man with no nonsense about him, been a larger number of cases in the last a believer in the people, and a genuine bebeen a larger number of cases in the last a believer in the people, and a genuine betwenty-five years than in any other locality liever in the republic. It is fortunate for hereabouts. So great has been the tendency | France that such a man was at hand in the to lockjaw there that an injury such as the cutting of one's foot while in bathing would cause great nervousness until sufficient time had elapsed to preclude the possibility of lockjaw. I cannot account for the large number of cases at present, nor do I know of any one who can. I do not understand where tetanus first received the name of lockjaw, as there is no more reason for noarseness of the throat that accompanies hydrophobia barking. "Tetanus when it appears usually follows a torn wound, but seldom a clean cut one.

supervenes, and it is without exception the most terrible death I have witnessed. "It is only within the last two or three years that any cases of lockjaw have recovered, and it is the hope that in future the serum treatment will permit the cure of a large percentage of cases. So far, it has not wholly prevented death, but it has apparently prevailed in some cases. The whole question of anti-toxins is as yet in its infancy, and there has been more done in diphtheria anti-toxins than any other. Dr Doty has succeeded with a yellow fever case by this treatment, but, with regard to its use in cases of tetanus, it is too early to express an opinion as to its value. It is supposed that the body has a resisting power to germ diseases. In a large number of cases this power of resistance is feeble, and this has led investigators to try to increase this resisting power. It has been discovered that by introducing into large animals, such as horses or asses, germs of disease in such quantities as the anima is able to stand, it becomes after a time

Another physician described the appearance of a sufferer from the disease as fol-"Every one has probably suffered from cramp in the leg. Now, imagine if you can, such a cramp in every voluntary muscle of the body. So violent is the contraction of the muscles in lockjaw that if the patient is placed on his or her back the body bends like a bow until it is resting only on the head and the heels. The action of the heart is increased and this distends the blood vessels, which causes the patient to become

mmunized from that particular disease.

The serum (the fluid of the blood) is then

collected and injected into human beings

and in many cases of a number of diseases

it has been found that a cure can thus be

accomplished. In lockjaw the injection of

serum is made into the brain, the skull

first being trepanned in order to reach the

skin discharge sweat in streams. Convulsions follow each other with great rapidity, and so great is the agony of the suffere that no dose of opiates is sufficient to af ford relief short of a fatal one. As a touch of veritable horror 'risus sardonicus' usually imparts to the face a peculiar and ghastly grin. The patient lives from one to eight

## GOLD FROM KLONDIKE.

The City of Seattle Returns with 200 Miners and \$600,000.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 16.-The steamer City of Seattle, from Alaska, brought down about 200 passengers and \$600,000 or \$700,000 in drafts and dust. The richest man aboard is J. Larien, of Montreal, who has been on Eldorado creek and in the Klondike for a number of years. Another passenger had \$13,000, which he made on Sulphur creek in two years. Other passengers were Col. F. Miles, of Dawson; C. Hamlin, of the St. Paul Pioneer Press; R. H. Hurd, of Minnesota, and H. C. Wallace, president of the Washington and Alaska Steamship Company. D. W. Hope, of Tacoma, made \$15,000 in eighteen months, besides acquiring property. Indeed, most of the 130 miners aboard were in comfortable circumstances. W. Gasford, of Tacoma, has \$20,000. Late arrivals say the officials at Dawson refuse to record any more claims on Bonanza or its tributaries. The White Paw Railway has purchased the Dyea Tramway Company's interest. It is not known whether they will continue to operate it or not.

Seven Gold Hunters Drowned. SEATTLE, Wash., July 16 .- The schooner General Siglin, from Cook's inlet, brings news of the drowning of seven men at Turnagain Arm early in June. The names of five of them are known, as follows: A. B. Johnson, Malone, Ill.; Louis Peterson, Chicago; Chris Madison, Chicago; — Porter, California; — Hutchinson, Rockford, Ill. They were crossing the arm in a small boat, which was overturned by a big tidal

### LONE NAVIGATOR PICKED UP Capt. Andrews, in "The Doree," Found 700 Miles West of Ireland.

LIERPOOL, July 16.-The British steamer Holbein, Captain Sherlock, New York, July 1, for Manchester, which arrived here today, picked up Capt. William A. Andrews, known as the "Lone Navigator," who left Atlantic City on June 18, in a little craft named "The Doree," barely twelve feet in length, to attempt to cross the Atlantic. Captain Andrews was found exhausted on July 12 about 700 miles from the Irish coast. Hig boat was left adrift. Captain Andrews, when he left Atlantic City, took an easterly course and headed direct for the Azores, where he expected to stay for a few days to reprovision his larder. He hoped to make the voyage to England in sixty days. The British steamer Camperdown spoke him on June 20. Captain Andrews at that time was well and declined

Movements of Steamers. QUEENSTOWN, July 16. - Sailed: Lucania, from Liverpool, for New York. BEACHY HEAD, July 16 .- Passed: Southwark, from Antwerp, for New York. HAVRE, July 16,-Arrived: La Champagne, for New York. NEW YORK, July 16 .- Arrived: Potomac, from Liverpool

## ANNA GOULD A ROYALIST.

American Dollars Shamefully Used to Overthrow French Republic. Atlanta Constitution.

Wrapped up in the Dreyfus case and very intimately connected with all its details, is a royalist conspiracy which has for its object the overturning of the French republic. It is impossible to entertain a very high feeling of respect for a republic which is which, in the nature of things, depends largely on the army for its existence. It would be unjust, of course, to condemn the republic or to deride it on this account. It only partially represents the aspirations of the French people. Their environment is such that they cannot carry out the ideals of such men as Lafayette and Thiers. Yet it must never be forgotten that the seed from which the tree of America's liberty has sprung were first planted in France. The army, as matters stand, is a necessary evil. It is made necessary by the conditions which surround France. The officers of this same army are responsible for the unspeakable crimes perpetrated against Dreyfus. That story, in a nutshell, is that some of the officers high in command were furnishing Esterhazy with information which he sold to foreign military attaches for round sums. This money was clear profit to all concerned, but the commerce in secret information reached a point where the discovery of its existence was made by one of the officers of the general staff, Colonel Picquart.

Then it became necessary for the high officials to find a scapegoat for their tool Esterhazy, and Dreyfus was selected as the victim. He had no influential connection, and he was a Jew; the combination seemed complete. By means of a series of bold forgeries and perjuries, the crime of Esterhazy was fastened on him, his uniform was taken from him and he was banished to Devil's island for life.

Those who believed in the man's innocence set themselves to work to establish it, and the most trifling events have seemed to play into their hands. They have been so successful, indeed, that the whole course of public opinion in France has changed. Zola, who was brought to trial and convicted for declaring the condemnation of Dreyfus to be an outrage, was compelled to leave France. He has now returned and the change in public opinion has been so great as to make a hero of him for proclaiming the innocence of a man who is now known to be In this plot the hands of the royalists, the enemies of the republic, are to be seen

sented among the officers of the army, and it loses no opportunity to weaken the repubthose afflicted with the disease, which is one lic and bring it into disrepute. The royalist officers were selling France's secrets to Germany and Italy and Russia and the Royalist party has made itself conspicuous by denouncing Dreyfus as a traitor. The selection of Loubet as President of France after the death of Faure seems to have been a providential occurrence. Loubet emergency which followed Faure's death. The royalist conspiracy, which had been brewing, and which was preparing to over-throw the republic, possibly with the asthrow the republic, possibly with the assistance of Faure himself, was seriously interfered with by Loubet's election, but the plans of those engaged in it were so nearly ripe that they resolved to make one desperate effort. The outcome of it was calling it that than there is for calling the the attack on President Loubet, in which down upon by his professional brethren, but Anna Gould's husband made himself con-

The government inquiry into this attack has revealed features that are at once sen-The larcerated condition of the flesh gives sational and laughable. Boni Castellane, who odgment to dirt carrying the germ, or else is openly described as a scalawag of the

who chronicles the affair says it is "the first time in history that American gold has been used for so base a purpose as to overthrow a republic." It is said that French society of the better sort regards the Castellanes as parvenus, and this is Boni's method of attracting attention They are a lovely crowd, these French rovalists, with the blood of centuries on their hands. Let us hope that the republic will outlive them.

## ANOTHER HARRIET BEECHER Lilian Clayton Jewett Raises Her

Voice for the Southern Negro.

BOSTON, July 16 .- Miss Lilian Clayton Jewett, a young white woman, addressed a meeting of colored people in St. Paul's Baptist Church this evening on "Lynching in the South," and created a sensation by offering to go to Charleston, S. C., and bring to Boston the family of the murdered postmaster, H. M. Baker, who was lynched some time ago, for the purpose of creating sentiment in the North in favor of the Southern negro. The church was packed to the doors and all the principal colored organizations of the city were present. There was the greatest enthusiasm, and in the speeches that followed the young woman was referred to as the new Harrie Beecher Stowe, as one who had been sent in answer to the prayers of the colored race, and eulogized as the first white woman who had come out publicly as the defender of the colored people of the South who are being made the victims of Judge Lynch.

### there had been such a demonstration among the colored people of Boston. THE LYNCHING FEVER. Mob of Cowboys After a Negro in Jail at El Reno, O. T.

After the meeting almost half of those in

he church went to the front to meet her

and thank her, and it is a long time since

CHICAGO, July 16 .- A Record special from Wichita, Kan., says: "A mob of 100 farmers and cowboys has gathered around the jail at El Reno, O. T., to-night with the avowed intention of lynching a negro prisoner named Brown, who seriously wounded Deputy Marshal Hitchcock at Kingfisher yesterday. The officers are unable to secure deputies and have reported the matter to Governor Barnes, who may call out the militia. Deputy Marshal Hitchcock attempted to arrest Brown for horse stealing. The negro resisted and shot Hitchcock twice, one ball entering near the heart and another in the thigh.

#### SWELL WAX FIGURES. About Seventeen Pounds of Wax Needed to Make One.

have imported.

San Francisco Call. Nine-tenths of the wax figures of the world are made in this country. A few years ago Germany and Italy held the fame and won the reward, but home production has forged to the front in this regard so strongy that, as statistics show the merchandise record, we have exported far more than we

While there are not more than fifty persons in the United States who can construct perfect, lifelike figure in wax, the work itself gives employment to a host of people, for in the actual work of putting a figure together almost every step is a trade by itself. This is where trade and profession go hand in hand, for the artist loses none of his art, though he calls the tradesman to The fact that the average span of life of a wax figure is twelve years makes the substitution feature an important one. It is the

are the same expenses to be met in orig-

inating a figure in wax as fall upon a paint-

er when he puts his ideas on canvas— models and paints—and it comes about in First, the sculptor-for only the sculptor can successfully follow the craft of making wax figures-secures his model. It is necessary for him to work altogether from life, and that means the nude. There is no difficulty whatever in securing beautifully proportioned figures, but it is the face which causes the most trouble. If the sculptor wishes to be particularly true to life he does not care to idealize if that can be avoided. Therefore, he tries many models until he finds one whose features are such as to be capable of reproduction in wax and still preserve their beauty. The model secured, the molding of the clay begins, and it is here that the sculptor's early lessons in clay modeling are of the greatest use to him, for if he has neglected these in any way he might better say good-bye to the wax figure and try something else. The clay having been satisfactorily molded a plaster cast of the model is made. When the plaster is hardened sufficiently melted wax is poured into it through an opening in the head, right where all humanity is born with a soft spot. This opening is closed and wax and cast are allowed to stand twenty minutes. By this time the contents of the cast have partly cooled, part of the top of the head has been removed, and such of the wax as has not adhered to the cast is poured out into the big receptacle used for that pur-

thickness. The plaster is broken from it in order that it may be hardened, after which it is sandpapered. While the general contour of the face has been retained during this casting process, the eyes and the mouth must be process, the eyes and the city jail were destroyed by fire here early this morning. Loss, \$60,000; insurance, \$35,000. ing this casting process, the eyes and the mouth must be formed. This is the sculptor's first task, and he carves the opening for the eyes and inserts the glass orbs, for the eyes of every figure are of glass. It is by no means the case that a figure is always constructed in one piece. More often, to expedite matters, the limbs, trunk and head are cast separately, and when this is the case one individual attends to each part. When the different sections of the figure are complete they are wired together, all but the head and bust. These are in the hands of a young woman, who is engaged in putting on the hair. Most persons have an idea that wax figures wear wigs, but they do nothing of the sort. Each separate hair is fastened in as tightly as nature has fastened the hair on a person. Nor is the hair manufactured. It is all human and comes almost entirely from Germany. The task of placing this hair in the figure's head is a rather tedious one. A needle, just a trifle larger than a hair, is used to puncture the wax, and in this puncture the young woman places the end of the hair. Then she presses the wax tightly against it. This process is continued until a regulation head of hair is affixed. The most delicate task of this sort is affixing the eyelashes and eyebrows. These are so conspicuous that the slightest error has an ill effect. Again, there is always the danger that the eyelids will break if the pressure upon them is too great, and this practically means the ruin of the figure-or at least the head and bust. This work is done, in every case, with the view of the closest inspection being given, and if it is pronounced perfect the chances are that any flaw which exists will be visible only to the eyes of an expert. The task of affixing hair, eyelashes and eyebrows complete, the figure is ready for inspection, and if this is satisfactory it is shipped to the purchaser. The best of these figures are so lifelike that, if the light be otherwise than bright, only close inspection will reveal the fact that the figure is of wax. Of course these works of art-for

they are nothing else-are high priced and range from \$200 to \$300. A fairly good figure can be secured for a sum considerably lower, but the very best work always comes high. The six-dollar sort are to the figures described above as the fearful daubs sometimes termed paintings are to the work of the brushes of the academicians. They are cheap, and yet dear at any price.

The wax used in the manufacture of these figures is the pure white refined beeswax. It comes from Texas, California and South America, and the average price is 20 cents a pound. To make the head and bust of a figure from eight to ten pounds of wax are needed, while a half figure takes from fifteen to seventeen pounds. The hands and forearms of a figure are generally solid wax, but all the rest is a mere shell In the studios where these figures are

constructed every nationality is represented that is ordinarily found in the ranks of the workers. As no particularly artistic taste is required to perform the mechan-ical tasks of figure work, there is little evident among the workmen. The molders, those who put on the hair, eyebrows and eyelashes, receive from \$20 to \$24 a week, as do those who finish and paint the figures. The other salaries range from about \$10 to \$15 per week. The wax re-ceives a certain portion of color when it is melted by being mixed with artists' All the larger museums of the country make their own wax figures. Each establishment is presided over by a sculptor of high ability. Time was when an artist engaged in a task of this sort was looked

### that day is past. Clothes at the Scaside.

The brilliancy of costume that marks the 3150,000 Zinc Mine Deal.

Just Try for Your Complexion

JOPLIN, Mo., July 16.—Ex-Governor Renfrow has made another big deal in zinc

Just Try for Your Complexion

Just Try for Your Complexion

Champlin's Liquid Pearl, 50c, pink or white.

Marvelous beautifier. Great renown. No equal.

Just Try for Your Complexion

The poison is wholly expended on the nervous system, so that the sufferer passes into convulsions and remains so until death

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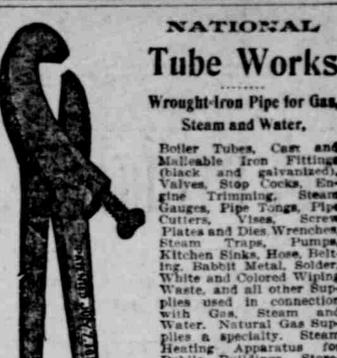
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NATIONAL **Tube Works** 

Steam and Water, Botler Tubes, Cast and Malleable Iron Fittings (black and galvanized), Valves, Stop Cocks, En-Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose, Belt-ing, Babbit Metal, Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other Supplies used in connection with Gas, Steam and Water, Natural Gas Supplies a specialty. Steam Heating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry Houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe, from

KNIGHT & JILLSON 8. PENNSYLVANIA ST.

breath of sea and mountain air, which all too soon fades, wilts and destroys the delicate chiffons, laces, ribbons and other adornments of a woman's tollet. This clothes question is the all-serious one for the gentler sex, and many of them have been in bondage to dressmaker and tailor since May preparing for the summer campaign. Is it any wonder then that many of them rest their arms during the hotel fray and wear out gowns, hats and shoes without replenishing the stock until it is nearly exhausted. This fact makes the average hotel, which glitters now with costumes of radiant hue, quiet to a more somber tone before August sets in to mark the season's turning point.

## POPULARITY OF FALSE JEWELS.

Manufacture to Be Carried on in America-Pearls Hard to Make. New York Evening Post.

Manufacturers of imitation jewelry have lately met with such great success that it is said the sale of genuine jewelry in this city is less than ever before, and it is also said on good authority that large amounts of capital are soon to be invested in the manufacture of imitation jewelry. For some time past it has been possible to obtain imitation jewelry in France and England which is difficult of detection by experts; but the business has never before been taken up in

this country to any great extent. The principal manufacturers, expect to deal in jewels of their own manufacture, which are said to beextraordinarily fine imitations of real stones, and will have a guaranteed life of twenty years. The "diamonds" are a composition of glass, lead and carbon, tipped with platinum, which is harder than gold. Every real stone, except a diamond, is transparent; without the tip of platinum these "diamonds" would also be transparent, but with it they are given an undetectable resemblance to the genuine stone. These goods are mounted in fourteen-carat gold, and so artistically that, when worn, the platinum tipping cannot be seen. An infinite variety of designs, copied from the best real models, are shown, and at a price which is about 80 per cent. less than the

All the colored stones-rubies, sapphires, emeralds and turquoises-are also manufactured in a like way, and are similar, with the exception of the turquoise, to the doub-let, except that they are much harder, and are made of real stone (garnet) and crystal They are so hard that the surface can be filed and no blemish made on the stone As genuine pearls are the most costly of gems, so do the imitation pearls take the lead in price. They are made of fishskin and a secret composition. The manufacture making of figures over and over again which makes the profession, or industry, as you choose to call it, as profitable as it is. There of some especially good imitation pearls, known as "Venetian pearls" is a lost art, he process having been invented by a poor Venetian, whose secret died with him. There are about 10,000 of them in this country, bought in Paris about ten years ago; they are very hard, can be stepped on without sustaining the slightest injury, and will also bounce like a rubber ball. The difficulty in the manufacture of pearls is in obtaining the orient, or lustre, similar to the genuin gems, and it is said that, very often out of 10,000 manufactured few will be marketable and they are almost as difficult to match for necklaces as the real. A dog collar of imitation pearls, with "diamond" clasps would It is said that most of the imitation jewel business done is with refined women of

# wealth, who have their genuine pearls copied, or buy a novel design which serves the purpose of a fad as well as the genuine.

Losses by Fire. GALLATIN, Tex., July 16.—For the secfered from fires. To-night the entire south side of the public square was destroyed, entailing a loss of at least \$75,000. The principal block destroyed is that of the Tomp-kins Opera House. The postoffice is also burned, but the mail and records were saved. ST. LOUIS, July 16 .- The large plant of Sommers Bros., manufacturers of horse collars and leggings, on North Broadway, was destroyed by fire this morning (Monday.) The damage was estimated at \$75,000

covered by insurance. BAINBRIDGE, Ga., July 16. - Twenty-

SEATTLE, Wash., July 16.—Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson will remain in this city several days, or until he has seen every farmer from whom it is possible to obtain any information. He said to-day: The time has come when the coast is in a position to command the trade of the Orient and the Pacific. Manila alone will take all the butter Washington can manfacture and put in tin cans. Millions of dollars of trade in butter alone awaits the Pacific coast as soon as it can supply the demand. The Pacific coast is destined to yet be the great market of the world.

Five-Minute Storm Caused Havoc. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 16 .- A heavy windstorm passed over this city at 5:30 this evening, accompanied by lightning and rain. The front of the Minneapolis & St. Louis ticket office was blown in, many trees were broken short off or torn up and awnings and signs scattered in all directions. The storm did not last over five, minutes and is be-

lieved to have been local, as no report of damage elsewhere has been received New Wheat-Killing Insect. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 16 .- Patrick Carney, a Clark county farmer, reports a strange insect is doing some damage to wheat in his locality. He had 110 acres entirely destroyed, while a few other farmers also suffered losses. The insect seems to sap the life from the plant, causing it to fall over and wilt. No one seems to know

#### fined itself to a limited area. Brown Wants His \$1,812,000.

the name of the pest, which has so far con-

VICTORIA, B. C., July 16 .- United States Consul Smith, of this city, is said to have forwarded to the American government a memorial from R. E. L. Brown, an American mining engineer, requesting the government's intervention to secure Brown's claim against the Transvaal government for damages rising out of the well-known Wit-fontein case, in which Brown secured judgment for \$1,812,000.

## Susan's Gay Time.

Philadelphia North American. Fine old Susan B. Anthony is having an odd revenge. London society shows a disposition to take her up, and she is in danger of making her debut as a bud, while paragraphers who jested at her age when they were in their twenties are grown bald and stout and wear glasses.

#### champion featherweight of the world, and Eddle Santry, of Chicago, have been matched to box twenty rounds at the Fourteenth-street Theater July 31.

Dixon and Santry Matched.

ST. LOUIS, July 16.-George Dixon, the

Sullivan and Miss O'Brien. John L. Sullivan, aged twenty-three, living on South Delaware street, near Wyoming street, attended the molders' picnic at Armstrong's Park yesterday in company with Miss Nellie O'Brien, who lives in his neighborhood. About 12:30 o'clock this morning, while returning home, they renewed a quarrel they had during the after-

noon, and at Illinois and South streets Sul-

livan struck the girl in the face, cutting her

cheek. Sullivan was arrested and charged

with assault and battery, while Miss

#### O'Brien's wound was dressed at the City Dispensary.

Violated Nicholson Law. John B. Warren, a saloon keeper at Morris and Hadley streets, was arrested last